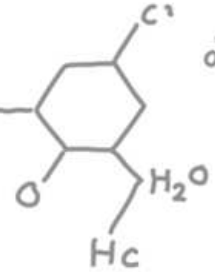


$$\Delta E = \Delta mc^2$$

$$\sin^2 y + \cos^2 y = 1$$



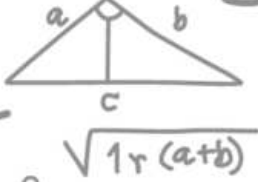
$$d(x^2) = \left(\frac{a-b(z)}{\lambda^2}\right) \cdot \lambda \cdot \lambda b$$



$$1+1=2 \quad E=mc^2$$

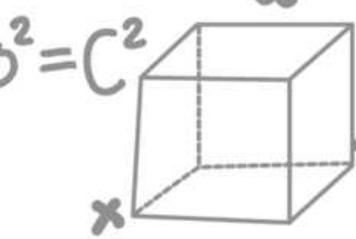
$$\sin 30^\circ = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\tan 60^\circ = \sqrt{3}$$

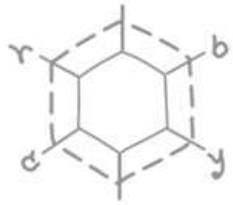


$$\sqrt{35} = 6$$

$$x = \sqrt{a}$$



$$\sqrt{2} \sin 45^\circ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \quad \pi = 3.14 \dots ?$$



$$x = \frac{x^2 + \sqrt{8^2}}{\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{y}{z}\right)^2}}$$

$$E=mc^2$$

$$\frac{\sin a}{\sin A} = \frac{\sin c}{\sin C}$$

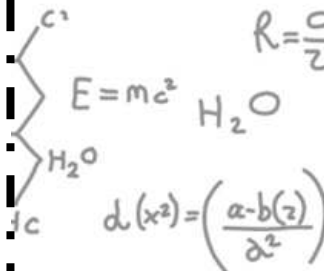


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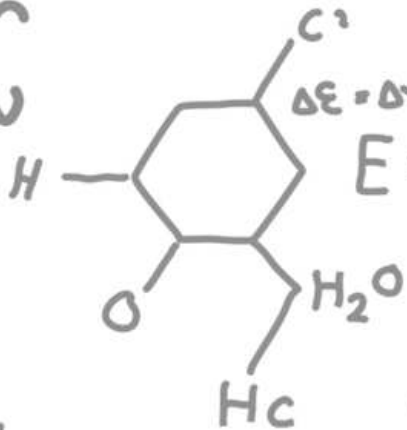
$$d(x^2) = \frac{x}{a} = \sqrt{1x(a+b)}$$



Quant

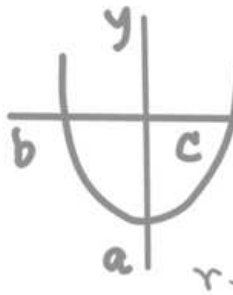
$$d = \frac{x}{a} = \sqrt{1x(a+b)}$$

ABC



$$\Delta E = \Delta mc^2$$

$$R = \frac{c}{z}$$



$$a_0 = \frac{v^2}{r}$$

$$A^2 + B^2 = C^2$$

$$S = 6Q^2$$

$$b = r \frac{S_y}{S_x}$$

$$d(x^2) = \left(\frac{a-b(z)}{\lambda^2}\right)$$

$$E=mc^2$$

$$xy = ab^2$$

$$\sin^2 y + \cos^2 y = 1$$

$$\sqrt{12}$$





