GRAMMAR 3



You might also want to communicate in English via email, social media, WhatsApp, or while gaming.

When this happens, you will want to be self-assured and know that people understand what you want to make clear. It may be even more important to speak and write English correctly when you have to deliver a speech or pitch during the next few years. Mind you, a better knowledge of grammar also helps you avoid misinterpretations of written or spoken texts!

You will practice all grammar subjects you have come across in your first three years of secondary education. Good luck!

This Is What You Will Do

You will practise all grammar topics that you have practised before. You will find that some topics are a little extended and others somewhat compressed.



This Is What You Will Need

You will need:

- everything you already know about grammar;
- the explanations in this file;
- the contents page at the front of this file in which you can find every topic that will be covered and tick off the exercises you have completed.

This Is What You Will Learn

You will learn to understand and use the English language correctly, especially according to UK rules, whether you are speaking, writing, reading or listening.

Checklist

1	Present and Past Tenses	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗌	4 🗌	5 🗌	6 □
2	The Future Tense	1 🗆	2 🗌	3 🗌			
3	The Passive Voice	1 🗆	2 🗌	3 🗌			
4	The Zero and First Conditional	1 🗆	2 🗌	3 🗌			
5	The Second and Third Conditional	1 🗆	2 🗌	3 🗌			
6	Auxiliaries and Modal Verbs	1 🗆	2 🗌	3 🗌			
7	The Gerund or (to +) Infinitive	1 🗆	2 🗌	3 🗌			
8	Reported Speech	1 🗆	2 🗌	3 🗌			
9	Parts of the Sentence	1 🗌	2 🗌	3 🗌			
10	The Order of Adjectives	1 🗌	2 🗌	3 🗌			
11	The Position of Adverbs and Adverb Clauses	1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗌			
12	Relative Clauses	1 🗌	2 🗆	3 🗌			
13	Phrasal Verbs	1 🗌	2 🗆				
14	Prepositions	1 🗌	2 🗆	3 🗌			
15	Compound Words	1 🗆	2 🗌				
16	Hyphenated Words	1 🗌	2 🗆	3 🗌			
17	Conjunctions	1 🗌	2 🗆				
18	Either or / neither nor / both / none	1 🗌	2 🗌				
19	All kinds of everything	1 🗆	2 🗌				
20	Asking questions	1 🗆	2 🗌				
21	Verbs	1 🗆	2 🗌	3 🗌	4 🗌		
22	Prefixes in Verbs	1 🗆	2 🗌				

1.1

Present and Past Tenses

What do you remember of the present tenses? Choose the correct alternative (1-4) or fill in the correct form (5-9).

- Amina and Jocelyn are / have been best friends for more than ten years already. 1
- 2 Many older people don't like / doesn't like / aren't liking this kind of music.
- 3 Since the pandemic I am working / work / worked from home a lot.
- 4 **Do Tim goes / Does Tim go / Is Tim going** with you to all your appointments?
- 5 (it - to be) important to have a safe home during one's childhood.
- 6
- 7 (It - to get) dark, (I - to think) we'd better go home.
- Kim _____ (to do usually) her chores before _____ (we to have) dinner. 8
-(many people to vote) for the same party year after year, (I - to think - negative) (they -

to give - really) it much thought.

1.2

9

Present and Past Tenses

What do you remember of the past tenses? Choose the correct alternative (1-5) or fill in the correct form (6-10).

- 1 When I came / was coming home, everybody was / were fast asleep.
- 2 Jim had taken / took / was taking the bus because he had / was having a flat tyre.
- 3 Many people on important projects when out yesterday.
 - A was working + the lights gone B were working + the lights went
 - C worked + the lights going
- Sheila a lot of friends behind when abroad. 4
 - A had to leave + she moved
 - B has left + she was moving
 - C has to left + was moving
- 5 What are signal words for the past simple tense?
 - A after / at (a time) / ever / in / just B already / for / until / (not) yet
 - D (x time) ago / before / last (month/year) / yesterday C as / never / when / while
-(you to hear negative) that(Dad to call) 6

you on your mobile around ten o'clock?

7

(you - to decide - to accept) this job?

.....(we - to be - never) to a korfball match until 8

(Gina - to invite) us to come and watch her play last week.

9(Hugo - to travel) all over Italy when

(he - to study) art in Venice.

When (Jill - buy) that dress? When 10

(she - to know - negative) that ______(she - to be) pregnant yet!

1.3

Present and Past Tenses

The Present Tenses

present simple - feiten en gewoontes

We live in Alkmaar.	I / you / we / they = infinitief
She goes to school by bus.	he / she / it = infinitief + (e)s
He can't read my handwriting.	hulpww + not <i>of</i>
It doesn't rain very often.	don't / doesn't + infinitief
At what time will you be back?	hulpww + ond + rest <i>of</i>
What does he usually eat ?	do / does + ond + infinitief

present continuous - nu bezig

I am waiting for you! He is telling the truth, I'm sure.	am / are / is + werkwoord + ing
The train isn't slowing down yet. We aren't leaving without you.	am / are / is + not + werkwoord + ing
Why are you using my pen? What is he trying to prove?	am / are / is + onderwerp + rest

present perfect 1 - eerder begonnen, nog niet afgerond

They've been married for 50 years. (and still are)	have / has + voltooid deelwoord
I haven't been to Paris before.	have / has + not + voltooid deelwoord
Why have you not told anybody about what happened?	have / has + ond + voltooid deelwoord

present perfect 2 - tijdstip is niet belangrijk, het resultaat wel

Be careful I have just painted the door. (it's still sticky)	have / has + voltooid deelwoord
Sorry, I haven't had time to make lunch. (you'll have to wait)	have / has + not + voltooid deelwoord
Why haven't you washed the car yet? (it's still dirty)	have / has + ond + voltooid deelwoord

1.4

Present and Past Tenses

Read **The Past Tenses** and complete the sentences.

- By pure coincidence, (I to happen to be just) there when (the accident to occur).
- 2 I don't know if the problem is solved; (they to work still)
 on it when (I to leave) the house.
- 3 When _____(the twins to be) babies, _____
 - (they to cry usually) nine out of ten nights.
- 5 When do you use doesn't to make a negative sentence in the Past Simple Tense?
 - A Always when the subject is (the equivalent of) **he**, **she** or **it** and the main verb is regular.
 - B Always when the subject is (the equivalent of) **he**, **she**, or **it** and the main verb is irregular.
 - C Never.
 - D When there is no other auxiliary verb and the subject is (the equivalent of) he, she or it.

The Past Tenses

past simple - in het verleden begonnen en gestopt

He lived there until 2018. They went to Ede after that.	alle onderwerpen dezelfde vorm regelm. ww. = infinitief + (e)d onr. ww. = 2e kolom in schema
He couldn't read the handwriting.	hulpww + not <i>of</i>
It didn't rain at all last month.	didn't + infinitief
At what time would you be back?	hulpww + ond + rest <i>of</i>
What did he eat yesterday?	did + ond + infinitief

past continuous - nu bezig

Everybody was sleeping when I came home. Later they said they were only pretending to be asleep.	was/were + ww + ing
I wasn't trying to pull your leg. We weren't going without you.	was/were + not + ww + ing
What were you doing around ten? Why was he climbing in the tree?	was/were + ond + rest

past perfect - begonnen en afgerond vóór een andere gebeurtenis in het verleden

I had finished painting this minutes before you bumped into it.	had + voltooid deelwoord
Sadly, Jacob hadn't locked the door when he left to go to work.	had + not + voltooid deelwoord
Had Mateusz made his bed before he went out?	had + ond + voltooid deelwoord

1.5	Present and Past Tenses Read The Present Tenses and The Past Tenses and complete the sentences. You may need more than one tense in a sentence.
1	(this suit - to match) your shoes so well,
	(I - can - to believe - hardly) that
	(you - to buy - negative) them in the same shop.
2	Fortunately, (we - to miss - negative) our plane although
	(I - to have) trouble finding a parking place.
3	Why(you - to work) on your test, Tony?
	(I - to start - negative) yet because
	(I - to know - negative) what to do first, sir.
4	
	truly surprised that(I - to hear - negative) anything from her today.
5	Sorry that(I - can - to hand in - negative) my essay Ma'am,

(I - to finish) it.

(our dog - to eat) my work just after

L.6		Present and Past Tenses Read The Present Tenses and The Past Tenses and translate the sentences.
	1	Toen ik terugkwam op kantoor was de manager al vertrokken.
	2	Karel woont al zijn hele leven in Breda, het is de stad waar hij ook geboren is.
	3	Ludo heeft je gistermiddag geprobeerd te bellen, maar je moeder zei dat je niet thuis was.
	4	Talitha had het erg naar haar zin (a great time), totdat haar broer haar kwam ophalen.
	5	Talitha klaagde dat haar broer haar altijd commandeert (to boss around), maar uiteindelijk (in the end) besloot ze toch maar met hem mee te gaan.
	6	Vandaag was het erg (quite) heet, omdat de zon de hele dag scheen.